

ROYAL ANCESTRAL HISTORY FROM THE YELLOW EMPEROR TO THE ZHENG-CHEN-CHANG DESCENDANTS OOSYAK GEELU SOCIETY & PANAMA / USA

NOVEMBER 15, 2020

NEW BOOK: CHINESE IN PANAMA – THE BEGINNING

Los Chinos de Panama:

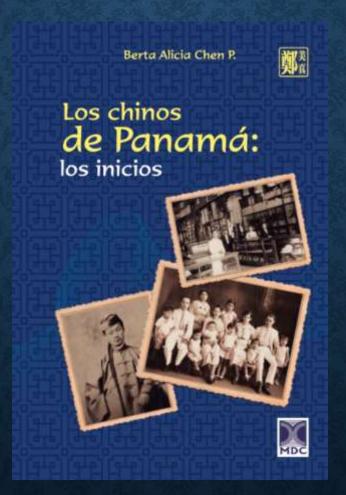
Los Inicios

(1800 - 1920)

By

Berta A. Chen

郑美真







ZHENG / CHEN / CHANG / CHENG (郑/鄭)

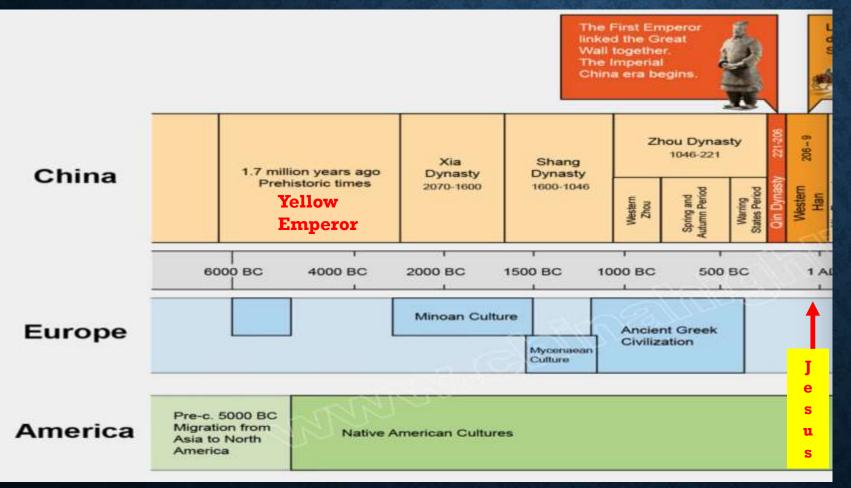
Family History

- · How we arrived to Zhongshan, Sanxiang
- We are descendants from the Royal House of Zhou (Zhou Dynasty)
- The Zheng State (郑国) leading to the 7 State Hegemony (separation)
- Dispersion out of the ancestral homeland through China
- Dispersion out of China (1600 / 1840)
- Contribution of Zheng (People of Virtue)

Family Culture

- Ancestral temple Zheng education, community center, family affairs ("Synagogues")
- Education: Women (finance and home management), Men (commerce: land small biz enterprises)
- Rules & Disputes handling

CHINESE CIVILIZATION EMERGES 4,718 YEARS AGO



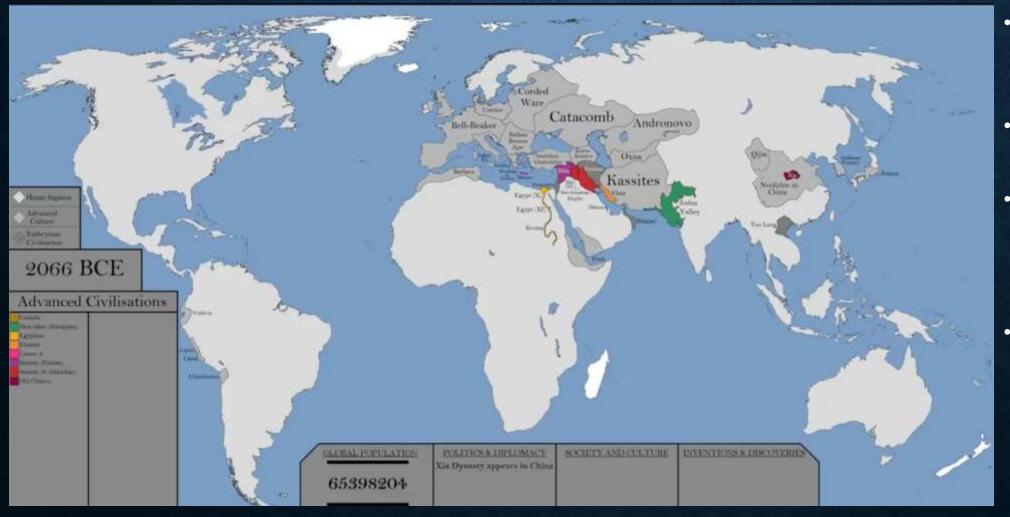
- Yellow Emperor
 - ~2698 BC
 - Unites for 2,400 years of peaceful and prosperous development
 - · Qin (China) reunites
- Xia Dynasty
 - Yu The Great,~ 2070 BC (450 years)
- Shang Dynasty
 - ~1600 BC (555 years)
 - Cheng Tang (成湯) Da Yi (大乙)
- Zhou Dynasty
 - (1046 BC 256 BC)
 - Longest (~800 Years)
- Jesus (1 AD)

ANCIENT EGYPT EMERGES AS EARLY CIVILIZATION WHILE CHINA AND THE REST ARE STILL NOMADS



- 8500 c. 2070 BC
- Prior to 2,600 BC
 Matriarchal
 society
- After 2,400 BC
 Patriarcal (Nuwa marries Fuxi)
- Yellow Emperor and Fire Emperor are born to lead

2600 BC CHINA EMERGES AS A SOCIETY: AGRICULTURE AND GOVERNMENT



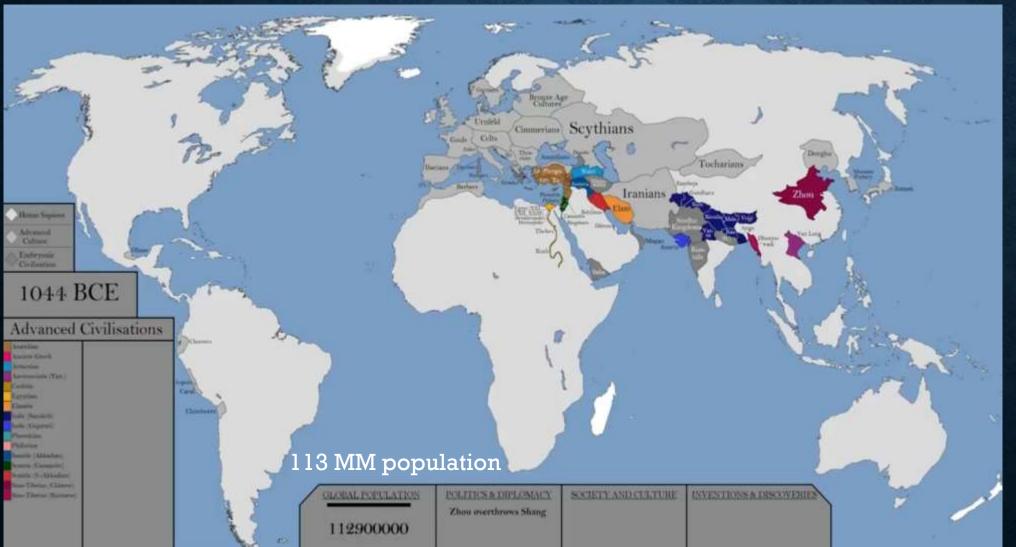
- Yellow Emperor
 (Huangdi) Unifies
 China into a society
- After Battle with Fire Emperor
- 2200 years of peace and prosperity and development until end of Zhou dynasty
- Development of Language, governance, agriculture, behavior, economy, science

SHANG DYNASTY - 1600 BC



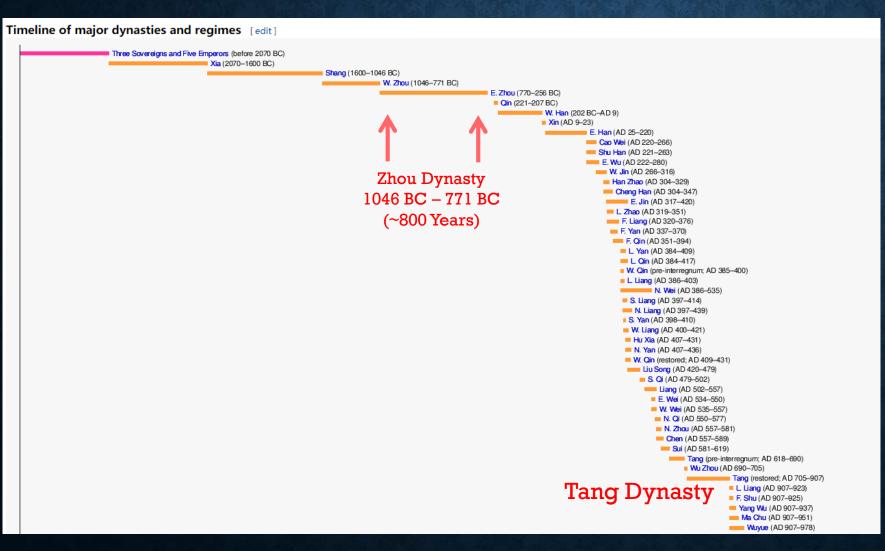
- China pop. ~ 13
 Million (15% of world)
- Written records appears in oracle bones
- 1600 BCc. 1046 BC (~555 years)

ZHOU DYNASTY BEGINS: START TAKING CENTER STAGE (1046 BC)



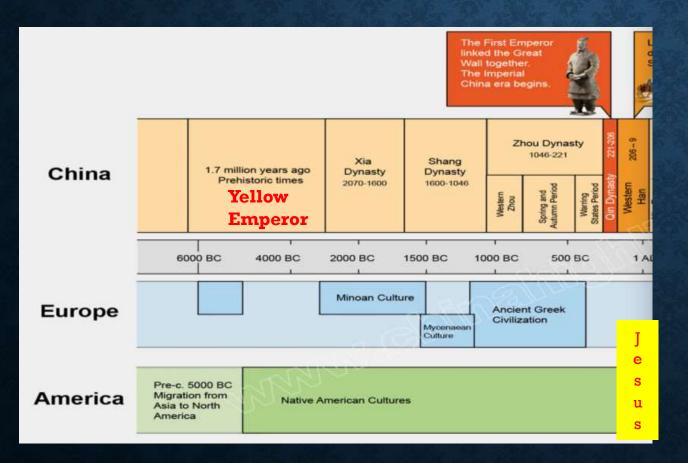
- China Pop: ~ 30
 MM (26%)
- Zhou Dynasty
 - (1046 BC 256 BC)
 - Longest

YELLOW EMPEROR TO ZHOU DYNASTY AND OTHERS



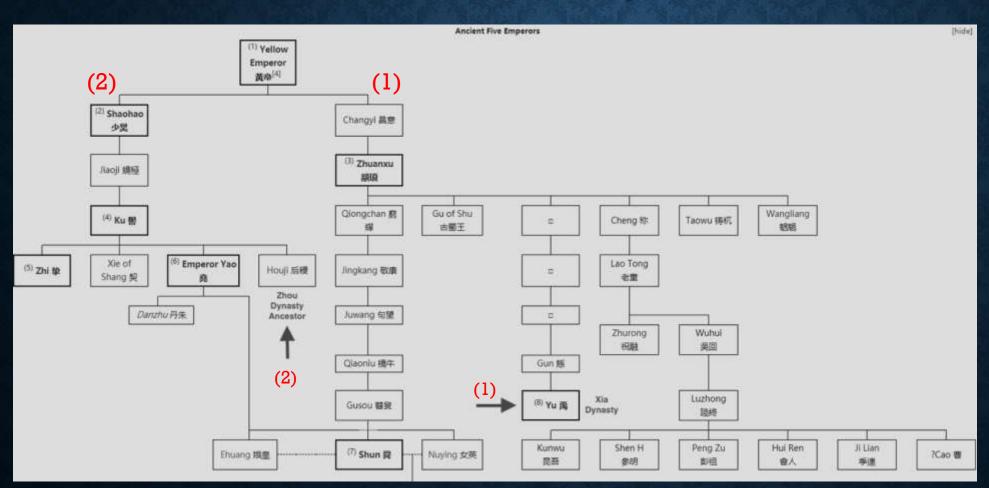
- Yellow Emperor
 - ~2698 BC
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 - Longest
 - 13 macro-dynasties over 4,600 years (4,609 yrs ex ROC-1911)
 - Avg 75 Years per dynasty

- History and Timely In Summary:
- China is one of the oldest civilization, not the oldest civilization.
- China is the oldest <u>Continuous</u> civilization in the world existing today (> 4,700 years)
- Assyrian,old Greece & Afghan & Egypt, Ottoman 1,500 years are not continuous.
- Mesopotamia and Ancient Egypt) and Ancient India are believed to be the earliest but not continuously.
- Most older civilizations are non-existent. With China, India, Babylon and Ancient Egypt.



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 - ~2698 BC
- Xia Dynasty
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 - (~1766 BC)
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 - Longest (~800 Years)
- Jesus (1 AD)

ABOUT OUR ROYAL LINEAGE YELLOW EMPEROR TO ZHOU DYNASTY VIA XIA/SHANG



- Xia & Shang
 Dynasty from
 Changyi
 Lineage
- Zhou Dynasty from ShaohaoLineage

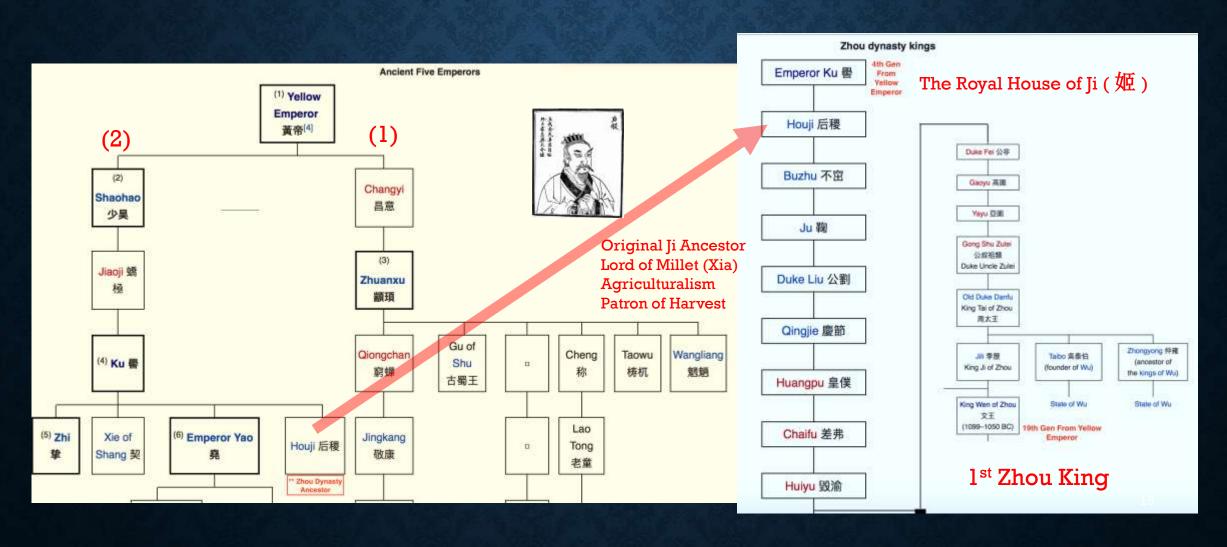
Shang Dynasty Lineage



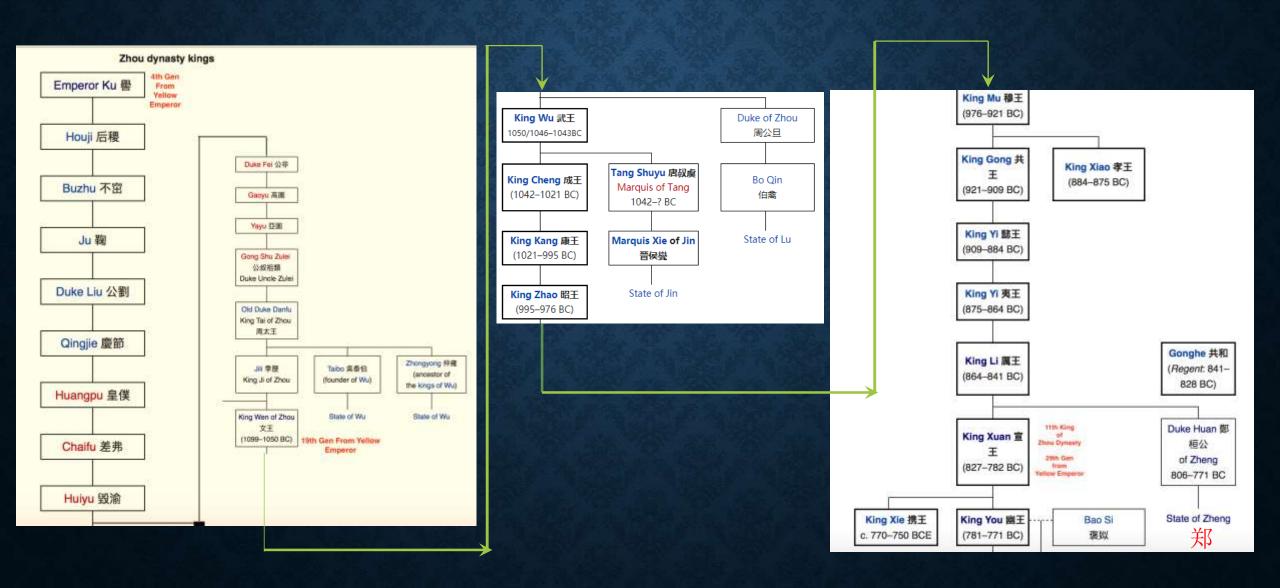




YELLOW EMPEROR TO ZHOU DYNASTY LINEAGE (2) – THE HOUSE OF JI (姫)



ZHOU DYNASTY CREATES THE MANDATE OF HEAVEN





FROM ZHOU ROYAL CAPITAL 1046 BC TO ZHENGZHOU (郑州) 771 BC





11/11 ANNUAL CELEBRATION IN ZHENGZHOU (郑州)







FROM ZHENGZHOU (375 BC FLED) TO FUJIAN & SANXIANG (1022 AD)

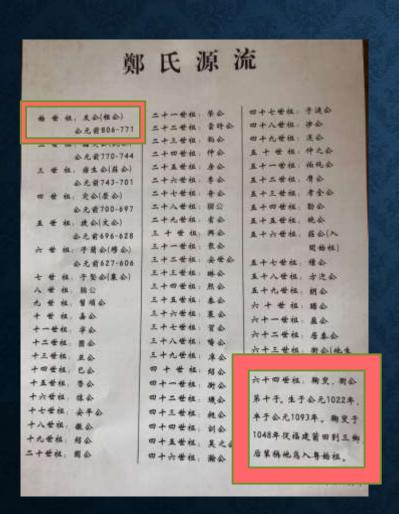


- Zheng State 771 BC 375 BC)
 - 1st Code of Law in China
 - Strongest State in Later East Zhou
- Duke Huan of Zheng 806 771 BC
 - (1st Zheng/Chang/Chen/Cheng 郑)
 - 64 Generations, 1828 years later
- Arrive Zhongshan (Xiangshan) Sanxiang
 - 1022 AD
 - 998 year ago

ZHENG CHENGGONG (KOXINGA)

- Ancestor #1 & #2 and #3 cemented the strength of the Zhou Dynasty.
- Zheng Chenggong (Koxinga) resurrected the Ming Dynasty.. In similar manner to the Zhou.
- In 1661, during the Ming Dynasty, Koxinga defeated the <u>Dutch</u> outposts on Taiwan (<u>Formosa</u>) and established a dynasty, the <u>House of Koxinga</u>, which ruled the island as the <u>Kingdom of Tungning</u> from 1661 to 1683)
- Rescued Taiwan to return to China

FROM DUKE HUAN OF ZHENG TO SANXIANG (OOSYAK)



- Duke Huan of Zheng (1st Zheng/Chang/Chen/Cheng 共)
 806 771 BC
 - 64 Generations, 1828 years later.
 - 29th Generation of Yellow Emperor
- Zheng Ju Sou (64th Gen Zheng 10th Son from Fujian) to Sanxiang 1022 AC (Song Dynasty) – 1st Generation in Sanxiang.
 - 93rd Generation of Yellow Emperor
 - 998 years ago.
 - 2022 will be 1000th year anniversary.

ZHENG ANJING, 12TH GENERATION IN SANXIANG, 104TH GENERATION OF YELLOW EMPEROR

三乡乌石郑氏太祖生辰校对表

111:411	姓名	生死年月日	天
邓一世祖	始担行十至 号乘里	生于北宋乾兴王成元年(1022)十月初一日 辛于北宋元佑芬酉八年(1093)四月二十九日,生有五子	72
第二世祖	延續公	生于北東元丰乙丑年(1085)七月二十三日 生有二子,金一、金二(分为埔上房都今日炒尾蒸桃)	
第三世紀	金一会	生于三宋軍和成元年(1118) 生有一子: 陆二	
新四世祖	商二会	生于宋江乾项王股八年(1172) 生育一子。獨英	
第五世祖	回英企	生于宋嘉定申成七年(1214) 生有二子, 昌元, 燕宗	Á
第六位前	商元位	生于宋净佑亭女十一年 / 生有四子, 力性	4
苯七世格	方传公号·提堂 商完会安于	生于元章 (任 (報方定公)、可安、可永	1
草八世祖	斯任企业	。成長申七年(1320)。卒于明永乐癸未元年(1403) 。十五日、生有三女一子、禮元。	84
算九世祖	a f	生于元章正乙酉万年(1345) 辛于周朝建文章已三年(1401) 十 月初九日、生有二女、二子、乾佐、保保後官	57
無十量祖	灰佐公号桥西 镇南公长子	生于明决式已置二年(1369)年于明宣德晚成五年(1450) 生有二女六子,譬结。譬给、香味、餐味、酱味、酱味	42
第十一世祖	音導公号太維 新西郡子	生于明末系發來元年(1405)七月初八,李于天際發來七年(1465) 十二月十九日,生有六女六子。	61
1000年二世紀	扱公号安静 太龍公六子	生于明景泰乙克六年(1455)七月二十二日。亭子朝嘉清成子七 年(1519)五月二十五日。生夜六女十一子	74
W.十三日(1)	发育会号最山 安静公任子	生于根据化内中十二年(1476)十月初七日、年子房基础已置四年(1525) 十五一月初八日、生蚕二点三子、丹蚕、供草、供草	50
7 十四出班	思察会号系书 量山会长子	生于创业建筑年至年(1816)八月二十二日。平于领方而庚篇八年(1880) 四月初六日、生有二女似子。母、幼、如、彼	71
1000年1月	商公學指石 东石斯子	在中部的表现在形在中国等(1888)里用二十一层,等于发展的第三十七年(1818) 自由的人员,全有艺术七子,生态、共态、共享、共享、共享、共享	55
11 个世祖	走在公本分	生于方质是年十一年 (1983) 七月十二日、平康新尼亚八年 (1969) 至 月二十七、生有三女六子、正白、吉俊、玄门、王俊、古帝、北原	81
t same	市場会等介金 本分四干	生物方面的现在分词 (1618) 五月十九世最,并不得取得用非实十年 (1871) 八月十一日,生存二文七子。川、田、田、田、田、田、田	37
s+Amm	排出号宝山 安仙公四子	生物相性之第十二年(1676)七月初十日,年于集熙年五六十年周六月 (1721) 年年一旬百子。士化、沙兰、士林、士安	67

A TENT STE			
第九世祖	德光公号镇南 雪庵公子	生于元至正乙酉五年(1345)卒于明朝建文辛己三年(1401)十 月初九日、生有二女、二子,观佐、保保做官	57
第十世祖	观佐公号桥西 镇南公长子	生于明洪武已酉二年(1369)卒于明宣德庚戌五年(1430) 生有二女六子;曾玹、曾瑜、曾球、曾璘、曾璘、曾琳	62
第十一世祖	曾瓒公号太崖 桥西四子	生于明永乐癸未元年(1403)七月初八,卒于天顺癸未七年(1463) 十二月十九日、生有六五六子	61
第十二世祖	菽公号安静 太崖公六子	生于明景泰乙亥六年(1455)七月二十二日,卒于明嘉靖戍子七 年(1529)五月二十五日、生有六十十一子	7.
第十三世祖	文劳公号最山 安静公长子	生于明成化丙申十二年(1476)十月初七日,卒于,明嘉靖已酉四年(1525) 十王一月初八日,生有二女三子,应嵩、应泰、应昆	50
第十四世祖	应嵩公号东石 最山公长子	生于明正德庚午五年(1510)八月二十二日,卒于明万历庚展八年(1580)四月初六日,生有二女四子; 经、绰、细、绚	71
第十五世祖	鉤公号怀石 东石四子	、生于明朝嘉靖乙卯三十四年 (1555) 正月二十一日, 卒于万历已酉三十七年 (1609) 四月初八日。生有三女七子, 龙湖、龙扬、龙景、龙寰、龙湾、龙湾、龙湾、	55
第十六世祖	龙袞公本含	生于万历癸未十一年(1583)七月十二日,卒康熙已酉八年(1669)正 月二十七,生有三女六子,玄启、玄策、玄符、玄门、玄瑜、玄素、玄德 21	87
THE RESIDENCE OF	TWALAN	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

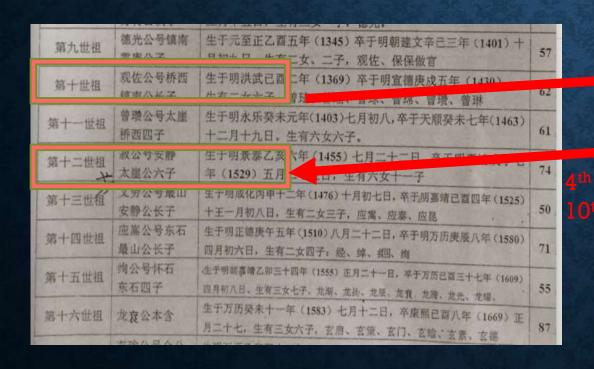
ZHENG ANJING - ESTABLISHES IN OOSYAK TOWN

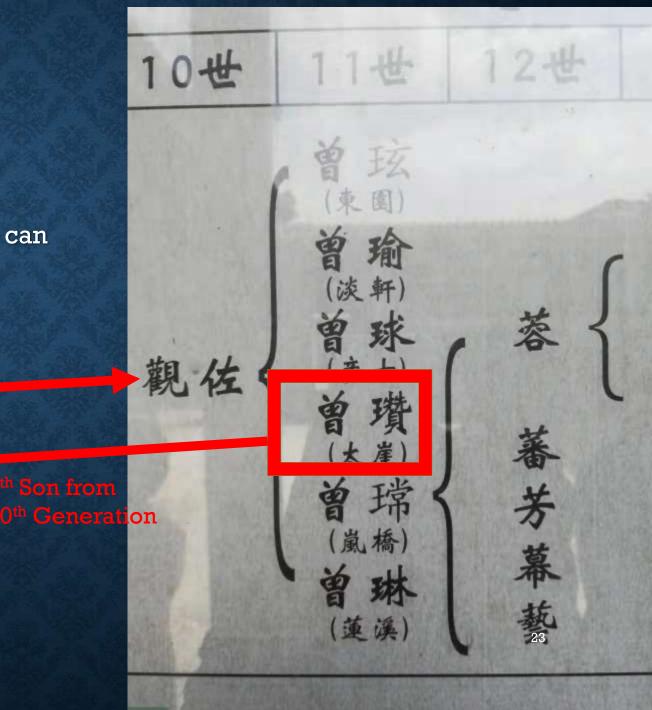
	EARLEMAN		
第九世祖	德光公号镇南 雪庵公子	生于元至正乙酉五年(1345)卒于明朝建文辛己三年(1401)十月初九日、生有二女、二子、观佐、保保做官	57
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第十一世祖	普瓚公号太崖 桥西四子	生于明永乐癸未元年(1403)七月初八,卒于天顺癸未七年(1463)十二月十九日。生有六女六子。	61
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第十五世祖	鉤公号怀石 东石四子	生于明朝嘉靖乙卯三十四年 (1555) 正月二十一日, 卒于万历已酉三十七年 (1609) 四月初八日、生有三女七子, 龙斯、龙扬、龙展、龙ą, 龙腾、龙光、龙檀、	55
第十六世祖	龙衰公本含	生于万历癸未十一年(1583)七月十二日,卒康熙已酉八年(1669)正 月二十七,生有三女六子,玄唐、玄策、玄门、玄瑜、玄素、玄德	87
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	TWALLAN	(C) (E) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	

- Qiaoxi (桥西公) 10th Gen
 - 桥头 Town
 - Qiaotou Town
- Anjing (安静公) 12th Gen
 - 乌石 Town
 - Oosyak/Wushi Town
 - First generation in Oosyak
 - Ancestors to most in Oosyak
 - Zheng clan predominance

THE FIRST IN OOSYAK

- Anjing is the 1st to arrive in Oosyak
- Related relationships from Oosyak Society can be traced back in to Anjing





SINCE 1022 AD LEADERSHIP CONTINUES AFTER 998 YEARS



^{詳服务中心} 乌石村两委成员分工表



SAMPROBLE



主要工作 REIN. ROND HIR. SUSS. **副书记,记录书记,转表** 郑法, 张坊, 城镇,





短情,工会、信仰。





RH. Mt. HR





FAMILY VISIT FROM PANAMA



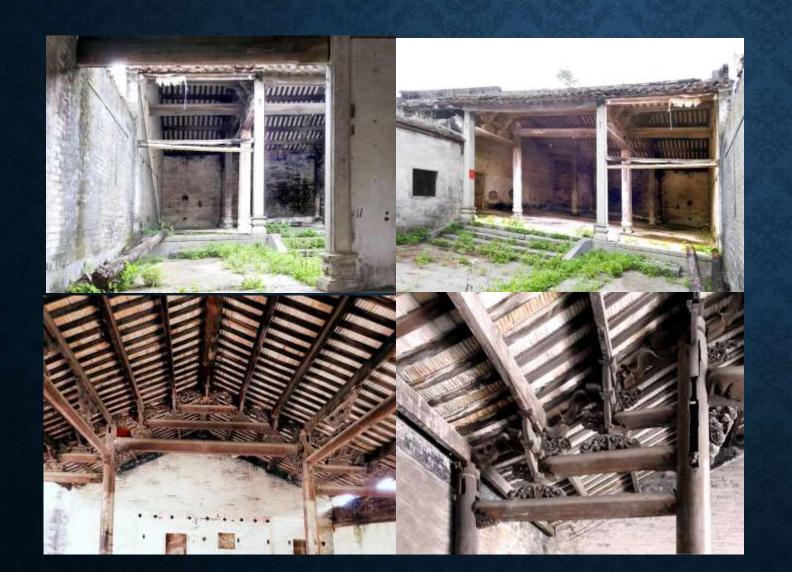




开镇长(左四)、郑雪英委员(左一)与郑华树先生(左三)及郑华益后裔留影Hongkai(4th, L), Zheng Xueying(1st, L), Zheng Huashu(#rd, L) and the guests



RESTORATION PROJECT OF ANJING ANCESTOR TEMPLE



- Repair Damage from Ageing
 - Stabilize Structure
 - Roof Repairs
 - Preserve Historical Relics
 - National Heritage Project
- Restoration over phases
- 500k RMB Initiated Phase One.
- Total 1.8 mm RMB

ZHENG ANJING ANCESTOR TEMPLE ELDEST IN OOSYAK





RENDERINGS FOR FUTURE ANJING ANCESTOR TEMPLE





ZHENG / CHEN / CHANG / CHENG (郑/鄭)

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Questions & Answers

